- 3. (currently amended) A screeding method for <u>smoothing loose or plastic materials such</u> as placed and/or poured, uncured concrete previously <u>poured concrete placed on the</u> ground or another support surface, the method comprising the steps of: mounting a striker and a rotatable, <u>approximately 5.5</u> inch diameter, cylinder of between 8 and 12 feet in <u>length</u> in parallel on a screed frame; intertwining dual spiral flight coils <u>of approximately 1-7/8</u> inches height and 4.5 inch spacing on an outside surface of the cylinder from between ends of the cylinder to form an auger; positioning the striker spaced to one side of the auger and in parallel thereto; positioning the auger partially immersed in the <u>uncured poured</u> concrete; and rotating the auger for removal of an excess portion of the <u>poured</u> concrete while drawing the auger and the striker in a lateral direction.
- 4. (cancelled) The screeding method of claim 3 comprising the further steps of fixing a pair of end blocks in ends of the auger; extending opposing rods from the end blocks longitudinally and engaging keyed apertures in the opposing rods with a motive means for rotating the auger.
- 5. (new) A screed assembly apparatus for smoothing poured concrete, said apparatus comprising: a screed frame, and mounted thereon, a striker for engaging and spreading the poured concrete, and a rotatable auger for moving the concrete longitudinally along the screed frame, the auger providing a pair of intertwined spiral flight coils each approximately 1-7/8 inches high, the striker spaced to one side of the auger and in parallel thereto; auger mounting means; and motive power means engaged for rotating the auger.
- 6. (new) The apparatus of claim 5 wherein the flight coils are spaced apart by approximately 4.5 inches